Cornell University

Animal Users Health and Safety Program

ZOONOTIC CONCERN

avian mycobacteriosis

Cause: Mycobacterium avium-intracellulare complex

Occurrence in animals: wild birds and other species

Source in animals: feces

Exposure: accidental inhalation of contaminated aerosols

Symptoms:

- Animals:
 - may be subclinical
 - diarrhea and wasting are possible
- Humans:
 - usually asymptomatic in healthy adults
 - in some cases (especially if preexisting pulmonary damage or immunosuppression exist), night sweats, weight loss, abdominal pain, fatigue, diarrhea, cough

Precautions:

- Good personal hygiene:
 - WASH HANDS after handling animals and their environment.
 - No eating, drinking, smoking, ... around animals.
- Avoid hand-to-face contact.
- Healthy animals may shed microorganisms.
- Isolate infected animals and handle with gloves.
- Organism is very resistant in the environment and to disinfectants
- Wear gloves, safety goggles and respirator when cleaning contaminated areas

Additional information about avian mycobacteriosis can be found at:

http://www.cdc.gov/ncidod/dbmd/diseaseinfo/mycobacteriumavium t.htm http://www.phac-aspc.gc.ca/msds-ftss/msds102e.html

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